

APPENDIX C: MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT EXAMPLE

C-1. Description

For this analysis, the individual mechanical gate systems are considered subsystems to the overall lock and dam system. The example lock miter gate and valve machinery subsystems are laid out as shown in Figures C-1 and C-3. The dam gate machinery is laid out as shown in Figure C-5.

C-2. Reliability Block Diagram Formulation

Formulation of the system reliability block diagram (RBD) is in accordance with MIL-STD-756B. The initial step in determining the reliability of the mechanical systems of the lock and dam is to identify the function or mission of the machinery. The machinery function is to operate the gates. The major components required for mission success are defined and organized into an RBD. The block diagrams for the miter gate and tainter valve and dam gate components included in this evaluation are shown in Figures C-2, C-4, and C-6. The RBD is simplified or expanded, if necessary, to sufficient detail to allow determination of component failure rate from published data. The process continues until only blocks with published component failure rate data remain in the block reliability model. In this example, the structural supports are not included in the model. They are unique to each system and published data are not available. For the lock and dam gate and valve machinery shown below, the failure of any one component constitutes nonperformance of the mission. There are no parallel or redundant items. The mission and basic block diagrams will be series models.

C-3. Reliability Calculation

The basic and mission reliability model blocks should be keyed with consistent nomenclature of elements. Each model should be capable of being readily updated with new information resulting from relevant tests, as well as any changes in item configuration or operational constraints. Hardware or functional elements of the system which are not

included in the model shall be identified. Rationale for each element's exclusion from the model shall be provided.

a. Duty cycle. The mission or function of the system should address the duty cycle or period of operation. The miter gate equipment is considered to have a negligible failure rate during periods of non-operation (ignoring barge impact). The failure rate can be modified by a duty cycle factor. The duty cycle factor is the ratio of actual operating time to total mission time t . For example, the equation $R(t) = e^{-\lambda t d}$ is the exponential failure rate distribution with a duty factor d . The lock equipment in this example has an average number of 13,148 open/close cycles per year. Assuming the operating time of an open or close operation is 120 sec (or 240 sec per open/close cycle) and using a total mission time of 50 years, then,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Operating time} &= (240 * 13,148) / 3600 \\ &= 877 \text{ operational hr per year} * 50 \text{ years} \quad (\text{C-1}) \\ &= 43,850 \text{ hr} = 5 \text{ years} \end{aligned}$$

For $t = 50$ years,

$$d = 5/50 = 0.10$$

b. Environmental conditions. Environmental conditions shall be defined for the ambient service of the equipment. An approximate approach (Greene and Bourne 1972) multiplies failure data by various K factors to relate the data to other conditions of environment and stress. Typical K factors are given in Table C-1 where K_1 relates to the general environment of operation, K_2 to the specific rating or stress of the component, and K_3 to the general effect of temperature. The equipment on the lock is considered to be exposed to an outdoor marine environment. For this example, a K_1 factor of 2 is used and K_2 and K_3 are 1.0.

Table C-1
Overall Environment - Component Stress Levels
(Greene and Bourne 1972)

General Environmental Condition	K ₁
Ideal, static conditions	0.1
Vibration-free, controlled environment	0.5
General-purpose, ground-based	1.0
Ship	2.0
Road	3.0
Rail	4.0
Air	10.0
Missile	100.0
Stress Rating	
Percentage of component nominal rating	K ₂
140	4.0
120	2.0
100	1.0
80	0.6
60	0.3
40	0.2
20	0.1
Temperature	
Component temperature (degrees C)	K ₃
0	1.0
20	1.0
40	1.3
60	2.0
80	4.0
100	10.0
120	30.0

Other data sources such as "NPRD Nonelectronic Parts Reliability Data" (Reliability Analysis Center 1994) also contain environmental information.

c. *Lock equipment reliability.* The Weibull distribution was used to perform the reliability analysis for each component in the block diagram. The values for β were selected from the values given in Table 7-2 of Bloch and Geitner (1994) and reproduced as Table C-6, by choosing a dominant failure mode for each component. If β cannot be determined, a value of 1.0 should be used. It should be noted that most of the β values in Table C-6 are greater than or equal to 1.0, but not greater than 3.0. These values represent random and wear-out failures as indicated by Regions B and C of the bathtub curve. The characteristic life parameter α is determined from the failure rate data. Table C-7

contains failure rates for several common mechanical components found on locks and dams. While α is normally determined through experimental methods, it can be approximated from the ratio of α /MTTF as a function of β by using Table C-2. For example, the dominant failure mechanism for the spur gears is considered to be wear such as fretting, scoring, or pitting. From Table C-6, the shape parameter β (Weibull Index) is 3.0, and from Table C-2 α /MTTF = 1.10. The life parameter α is calculated as follows:

From the published data of Table C-7, the summary or combined failure rate (λ) computed from all individual data sources for spur gears is given as 3.2232 failures per million operating hours. The environmental factors are $K_1=2$, $K_2=K_3=1$.

The adjusted failure rate (λ') is:

$$\lambda' = \lambda K_n \quad (C-2)$$

$\lambda' = 3.2232 * K_1 * K_2 * K_3 = 6.446$ failures per million operating hours

and,

$$MTTF = 1/\lambda' \quad (C-3)$$

$$= 1/6.446 = 0.155 \text{ E6 hr}$$

therefore,

$$\alpha = MTTF * 1.1 \quad (C-4)$$

$$= 0.155 \text{ E6} * 1.1 = 0.17 \text{ E6 hr}$$

$$\alpha = 0.17\text{E6}/8760 = 19.4 \text{ years}$$

Table C-2
 α /MTTF Ratio as a function of β
(Reliability Analysis Center 1994)

β	α /MTTF
1	1.00
2	1.15
2.5	1.12
3.0	1.10
4.0	1.06

The Weibull reliability function from the main text for the components becomes:

$$R(t) = \exp \left[- \left(\frac{td}{a} \right)^b \right] \quad (C-5)$$

where time t is in years. The Weibull hazard function becomes:

$$h(t) = \frac{b}{a} \left(\frac{td}{a} \right)^{b-1} \quad (C-6)$$

For this example, the electric motors were considered electrical devices and are not included in this reliability analysis. They are evaluated in the electrical analysis. The mechanical system was considered to begin at the first coupling. The reliability for the miter gate machinery model of Figure C-2 at time t is calculated as:

$$R_{SYS}(t) = R_A(t)^3 * R_B(t)^2 * R_C(t) * R_D(t) * R_E(t)^2 * R_F(t)^2 * R_G(t)^2 \quad (C-7)$$

The reliability for the tainter valve machinery model of Figure C-4 is calculated as:

$$R_{SYS}(t) = R_A(t)^4 * R_B(t)^2 * R_C(t) * R_D(t) * R_E(t)^4 * R_F(t)^3 \quad (C-8)$$

The tainter valve hoist drums and wire rope were not modeled because no failure data were available. Also, these items are organized in parallel so their combined reliability value is much higher than the other components.

d. Dam equipment reliability. The dam machinery block diagram is shown in Figure C-6. The

system was considered a series model since the unreliability of one component will cause the entire system to be inoperable. The duty factor was determined as follows:

Assume two gate changes per day at 5 min each.

$$d = (2 * 5) \text{ min/day} * 365 \text{ days/yr} / 60 / 8760 \text{ hr/yr} = 0.007$$

The dam gate system reliability calculation is similar to the lock machinery.

$$R_{SYS}(t) = R_A(t) * R_B(t)^{10} * R_C(t) * R_D(t)^4 * R_E(t)^{16} * R_F(t)^6 * R_G(t)^4 \quad (C-9)$$

C-4. Results

a. Lock equipment. The analyses for each major component of the miter gate and tainter valve systems for 50 years of service are contained in spreadsheet format in Tables C-3 and C-4. The values in the tables are shown rounded to the nearest four decimal places; however, they are not rounded for the mathematical analysis. As a result, some components show a reliability value of 1.0 in future years when their hazard rates are nonzero. The system reliability for the miter gate and valve machinery drops to 44 and 36 percent, respectively, after 50 years. It should be noted that the brakes and the gear reducers have the highest hazard rates, which indicates a higher susceptibility to failure. The electric motors for this analysis were considered electrical equipment and are not included in the mechanical analyses.

b. Dam equipment. The results are tabulated in Table C-5. The dam machinery is 82 percent after 50 years. Failure data on the sprocket were not available and therefore were not included in the analysis.

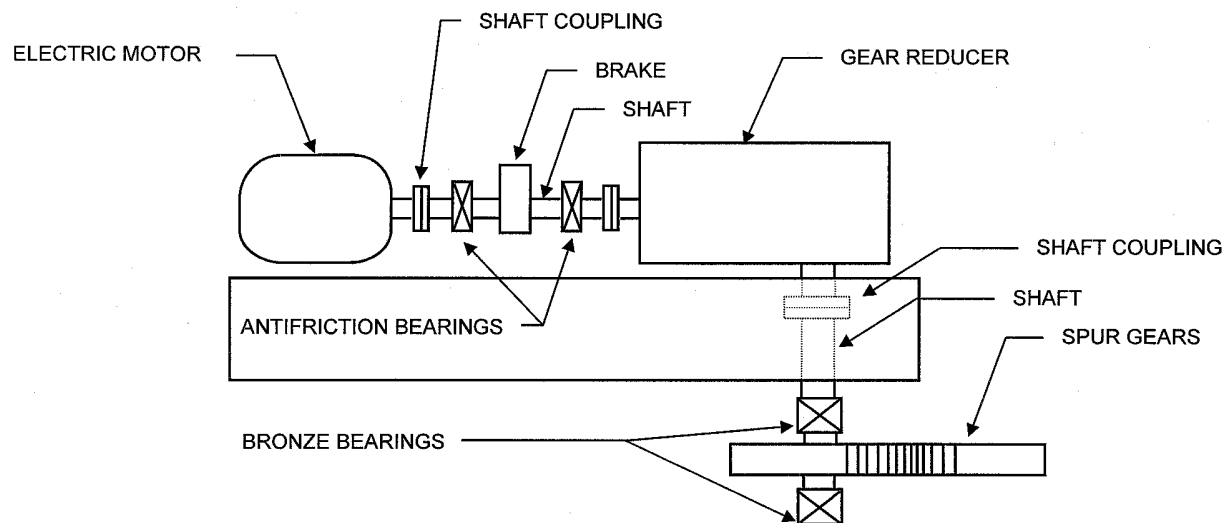
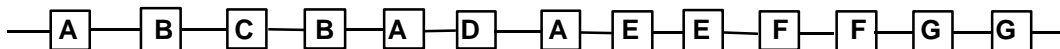


Figure C-1. Miter gate machinery



- | | |
|--------------------------|--|
| A - COUPLING | - The motor is not included in the analysis. |
| B - ANTIFRICTION BEARING | - Items not evaluated: structural support, various anchor bolts. |
| C - BRAKE | |
| D - GEAR REDUCER | |
| E - PLAIN BRONZE BEARING | |
| F - SPUR GEAR | |
| G - SHAFT | |

Figure C-2. Lock machinery basic and mission reliability diagram

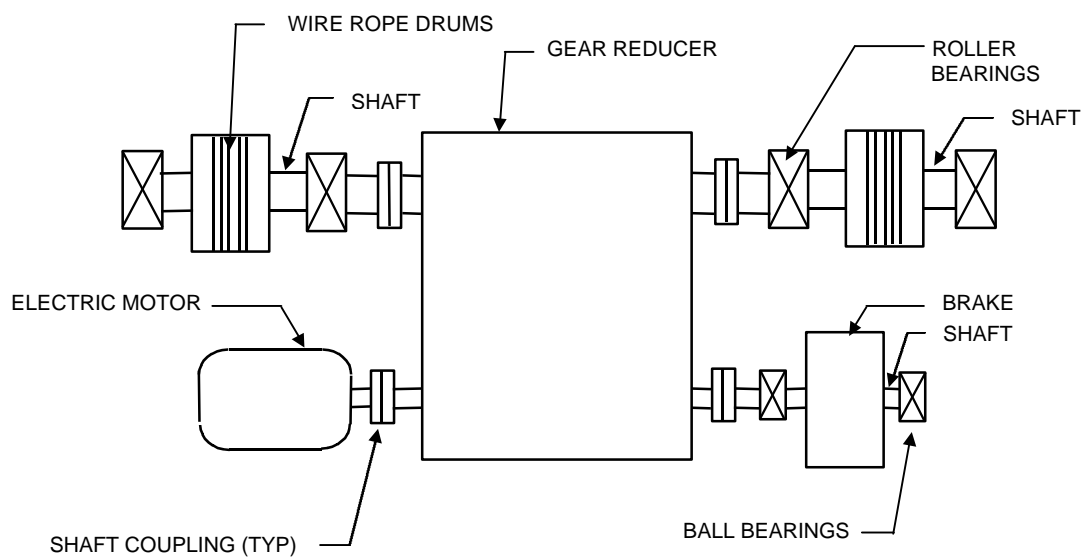


Figure C-3. Tainter valve machinery



- A - SHAFT COUPLING
- B - BALL BEARING
- C - BRAKE
- D - GEAR REDUCER
- E - ROLLER BEARING
- F - SHAFT

- The motor is not included in the analysis.
- Items not evaluated: structural support, various anchor bolts, and hoist drums and wire rope.

Figure C-4. Valve machinery basic and mission reliability diagram

Table C-3
Reliability Analysis Lock Miter Gate Machinery

Component/Block	Quan.	Failure Rate ¹	Failure Mode	Weibull Shape Factor, β	α /MTTF	Environmental K Factor	Charac. Life α , Yrs	Duty Factor, d
Couplings	3	1.4054	misalignment	1.0	1.00	2	40.6131	0.1
Antifriction Bearing	2	1.6445	wear	3.0	1.10	2	38.1790	0.1
Brake	1	2.1000	jamming/misalign.	1.0	1.00	2	27.1798	0.1
Gear Reducer	1	5.0000	wear	3.0	1.10	2	12.5571	0.1
Plain Bronze Bearings	2	2.3811	wear	3.0	1.10	2	26.3682	0.1
Spur Gears	2	3.2232	wear	3.0	1.10	2	19.4792	0.1
Shafts	2	0.9298	fracture	1.0	1.00	2	61.3870	0.1

RELIABILITY [R(t)] OF INDIVIDUAL COMPONENTS

Years in Service (Equipment is installed at time 0)											
	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
Year	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040
Couplings	1.0000	0.9878	0.9757	0.9637	0.9519	0.9403	0.9288	0.9174	0.9062	0.8951	0.8842
Antifriction Bearings	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9997	0.9995	0.9992	0.9989	0.9984	0.9978
Brake	1.0000	0.9818	0.9639	0.9463	0.9291	0.9121	0.8955	0.8792	0.8631	0.8474	0.8320
Gear Reducer	1.0000	0.9999	0.9995	0.9983	0.9960	0.9921	0.9865	0.9786	0.9682	0.9550	0.9388
Plain Bronze Bearings	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9998	0.9996	0.9991	0.9985	0.9977	0.9965	0.9950	0.9932
Spur Gears	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9995	0.9989	0.9979	0.9964	0.9942	0.9914	0.9877	0.9832
Shafts	1.0000	0.9919	0.9838	0.9759	0.9679	0.9601	0.9523	0.9446	0.9369	0.9293	0.9218

HAZARD RATES [h(t)] OF INDIVIDUAL COMPONENTS

Year	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040
Couplings	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246
Antifriction Bearings	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	0.0002	0.0003	0.0005	0.0007	0.0009	0.0011	0.0013
Brake	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368
Gear Reducer	0.0000	0.0004	0.0015	0.0034	0.0061	0.0095	0.0136	0.0186	0.0242	0.0307	0.0379
Plain Bronze Bearings	0.0000	0.0000	0.0002	0.0004	0.0007	0.0010	0.0015	0.0020	0.0026	0.0033	0.0041
Spur Gears	0.0000	0.0001	0.0004	0.0009	0.0016	0.0025	0.0037	0.0050	0.0065	0.0082	0.0101
Shafts	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163

RELIABILITY OF SYSTEM [R_{sys}(t)]

Year	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040
	1.0000	0.9308	0.8657	0.8042	0.7454	0.6890	0.6347	0.5823	0.5316	0.4826	0.4355

¹ Failure rate per E6 operating hr from NPRD data, 1995 (Reliability Analysis Center 1994)

Table C-4
Reliability Analysis Lock Tainter Valve Machinery

Component/Block	Quan.	Failure Rate ¹	Failure Mode	Weibull Shape Factor, β	α /MTTF	Environmental K Factor	Charac. Life α , Yrs	Duty Factor, d
Couplings	4	1.4054	misalignment	1.0	1.00	2	40.6131	0.1
Ball Bearing	2	1.6445	wear	3.0	1.10	2	38.1790	0.1
Brake	1	2.1000	jamming/misalign.	1.0	1.00	2	27.1798	0.1
Gear Reducer	1	5.0000	wear	3.0	1.10	2	12.5571	0.1
Roller Bearings	4	2.8201	wear	3.0	1.10	2	22.2635	0.1
Shafts	3	0.9298	fracture	1.0	1.00	2	61.3870	0.1
Wire Rope Drums	2	Information not Available						

RELIABILITY [R(t)] OF INDIVIDUAL COMPONENTS

Years in Service (Equipment is installed at time 0)											
	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
Year	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040
Couplings	1.0000	0.9878	0.9757	0.9637	0.9519	0.9403	0.9288	0.9174	0.9062	0.8951	0.8842
Ball Bearing	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9997	0.9995	0.9992	0.9989	0.9984	0.9978
Brake	1.0000	0.9818	0.9639	0.9463	0.9291	0.9121	0.8955	0.8792	0.8631	0.8474	0.8320
Gear Reducer	1.0000	0.9999	0.9995	0.9983	0.9960	0.9921	0.9865	0.9786	0.9682	0.9550	0.9388
Roller Bearings	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9997	0.9993	0.9986	0.9976	0.9961	0.9942	0.9918	0.9887
Shafts	1.0000	0.9919	0.9838	0.9759	0.9679	0.9601	0.9523	0.9446	0.9369	0.9293	0.9218

HAZARD RATES [h(t)] OF INDIVIDUAL COMPONENTS

Year	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040
Couplings	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246
Ball Bearing	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	0.0002	0.0003	0.0005	0.0007	0.0009	0.0011	0.0013
Brake	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368
Gear Reducer	0.0000	0.0004	0.0015	0.0034	0.0061	0.0095	0.0136	0.0186	0.0242	0.0307	0.0379
Roller Bearings	0.0000	0.0001	0.0003	0.0006	0.0011	0.0017	0.0024	0.0033	0.0043	0.0055	0.0068
Shafts	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163

RELIABILITY OF SYSTEM [R_{sys}(t)]

Year	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040
	1.0000	0.9119	0.8311	0.7563	0.6869	0.6222	0.5617	0.5050	0.4518	0.4021	0.3557

¹ Failure rate per E6 operating hr from NPRD data, 1995 (Reliability Analysis Center 1994)

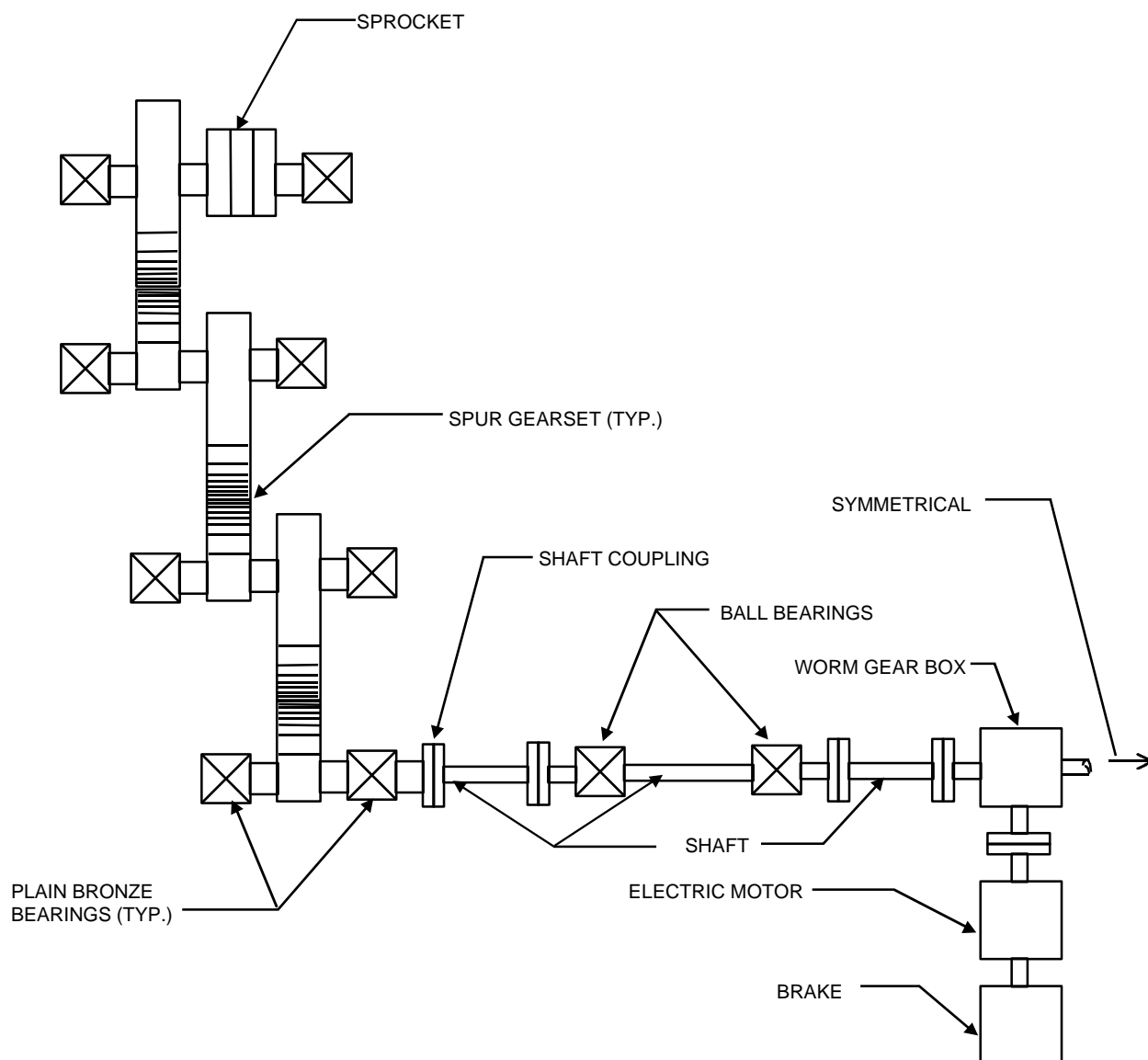
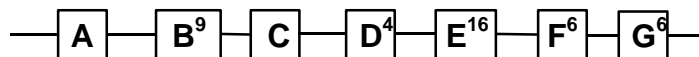


Figure C-5. Dam gate machinery



A - BRAKE
B - SHAFT COUPLING
C - WORM GEAR BOX
D - BALL BEARINGS
E - PLAIN BRONZE BEARINGS
F - SPUR GEARSET
G - SHAFTS

- The motor is not included in the analysis.
- Items not evaluated: structural support, various anchor bolts, and chain sprocket.

Figure C-6. Dam machinery basic and mission reliability diagram

Table C-5
Reliability Analysis Dam Gate Machinery

Component/Block	Quan.	Failure Rate ¹	Failure Mode	Weibull Shape Factor, β	α /MTTF	Environmental K Factor	Charac. Life α , Yrs	Duty Factor, d
Couplings	10	1.4054	misalignment	1.0	1.00	2	40.6131	0.007
Ball Bearing	4	1.6445	wear	1.0	1.00	2	34.7082	0.007
Brake	1	2.1000	jamming/misalign.	1.0	1.00	2	27.1798	0.007
Worm Gear Box	1	5.0000	wear	3.0	1.10	2	12.5571	0.007
Plain Bronze Bearings	16	2.8201	wear	3.0	1.10	2	22.2635	0.007
Spur Gearset	6	3.2232	wear	3.0	1.10	2	19.4792	0.007
Shafts	4	0.9298	fracture	1.0	1.00	2	61.3870	0.007
Sprocket	2	Information not Available						

RELIABILITY [R(t)] OF INDIVIDUAL COMPONENTS

Years in Service (Equipment is installed at time 0)												
	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	63
Year	1937	1942	1947	1952	1957	1962	1967	1972	1977	1982	1987	2000
Couplings	1.0000	0.9991	0.9983	0.9974	0.9966	0.9957	0.9948	0.9940	0.9931	0.9923	0.9914	0.9892
Ball Bearing	1.0000	0.9990	0.9980	0.9970	0.9960	0.9950	0.9940	0.9930	0.9920	0.9910	0.9900	0.9874
Brake	1.0000	0.9987	0.9974	0.9961	0.9949	0.9936	0.9923	0.9910	0.9898	0.9885	0.9872	0.9839
Worm Gear Reducer	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Spur Gearset	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Plain Bronze Bearings	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Shafts	1.0000	0.9994	0.9989	0.9983	0.9977	0.9972	0.9966	0.9960	0.9954	0.9949	0.9943	0.9928

HAZARD RATES [h(t)] OF INDIVIDUAL COMPONENTS

Year	1937	1942	1947	1952	1957	1962	1967	1972	1977	1982	1987	2000
Couplings	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246	0.0246
Ball Bearing	0.0288	0.0288	0.0288	0.0288	0.0288	0.0288	0.0288	0.0288	0.0288	0.0288	0.0288	0.0288
Brake	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368	0.0368
Worm Gear Reducer	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0002	0.0002	0.0003
Spur Gearset	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001
Plain Bronze Bearings	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001
Shafts	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163	0.0163

RELIABILITY OF SYSTEM [R_{sys}(t)]

Year	1937	1942	1947	1952	1957	1962	1967	1972	1977	1982	1987	2000
	1.0000	0.9839	0.9681	0.9525	0.9372	0.9221	0.9072	0.8926	0.8782	0.8641	0.8502	0.8149

¹ Failure rate per E6 operating hr from NPRD data, 1995 (Reliability Analysis Center 1994)

Table C-6
Primary Machinery Component Failure Modes
(Bloch and Geitner 1994)

Failure Mode	Weibull Index β	Standard Life
<i>Deformation</i>		
Brinelling	1.0	Inf
Cold flow	1.0	Inf
Contracting	2.0	Inf
Creeping	2.0	Inf
Bending	1.0	Inf
Bowing	1.0	Inf
Buckling	1.0	Inf
Bulging	1.0	Inf
Deformation	1.0	Inf
Expanding	1.0	Inf
Extruding	1.0	Inf
Growth	1.0	Inf
Necking	1.0	Inf
Setting	2.0	Inf
Shrinking	2.0	Inf
Swelling	3.0	Inf
Warping	1.0	Inf
Yielding	1.0	Inf
<i>Examples:</i>		
Deformation of springs	1.0	Inf
Extruding of elastomeric seals	1.0	4.0Y
Force-induced deformation	1.0	Inf
Temperature-induced deformation	2.0	Inf
Yielding	1.0	Inf
<i>Fracture/Separation</i>		
Blistering	1.0	Inf
Brittle fracture	1.0	Inf
Checking	1.0	Inf
Chipping	1.0	Inf
Cracking	1.0	Inf
Caustic Cracking	1.0	Inf
Ductile rupture	1.0	Inf
Fatigue fracture	1.0	Inf
Flaking	1.0	Inf
Fretting fatigue cracking	1.0	Inf
Heat checking	1.0	Inf
Pitting	1.0	Inf
Spalling	1.0	Inf
Splitting	1.0	Inf

(Continued)

Table C-6 (Continued)

Failure Mode	Weibull Index β	Standard Life
<i>Examples:</i>		
Overload fracture	1.0	Inf
Impact fracture	1.0	Inf
Fatigue fracture	1.1	Inf
Most fractures	1.0	Inf
<i>Change of Material Quality</i>		
Aging	3.0	5.0Y
Burning	1.0	Inf
Degradation	2.0	3.0Y
Deterioration	1.0	Inf
Discoloration	1.0	Inf
Disintegration	1.0	Inf
Embrittlement	1.0	Inf
Hardening	1.0	Inf
Odor	1.0	Inf
Overheating	1.0	Inf
Softening	1.0	Inf
<i>Examples:</i>		
Degradation of mineral oil based lubricant	3.0	1.5Y
Degradation of coolants	3.0	1.0Y
Elastomer aging	1.0	4.0-16Y
O-Ring deterioration	1.0	2.0-5Y
Aging of metals under thermal stress	3.0	4.0Y
<i>Corrosion</i>		
Exfoliation	3.0	2.0-4.0Y
Fretting Corrosion	2.0	3.0Y
General Corrosion	2.0	1.0-3.0Y
Intergranular Corrosion	2.0	1.0-3.0Y
Pitting Corrosion	2.0	1.0-3.0Y
Rusting	2.0	0.5-3.0Y
Staining	2.0	0.5-3.0Y
<i>Examples:</i>		
Accessible Components	2.0	2.0-4.0Y
Inaccessible Components	2.0	2.0-4.0Y
<i>Wear</i>		
Abrasion	3.0	0.5-3.0Y
Cavitation	3.0	0.5-3.0Y
Corrosive Wear	3.0	0.5-3.0Y
Cutting	3.0	0.5-3.0Y
Embedding	3.0	0.5-3.0Y

(Continued)

Table C-6 (Continued)

Failure Mode	Weibull Index β	Standard Life
Erosion	3.0	3.0Y
Fretting	3.0	2.0Y
Galling	3.0	2.0Y
Grooving	3.0	2.0Y
Gouging	3.0	2.0Y
Pitting	3.0	1.0Y
Ploughing	3.0	1.0Y
Rubbing	3.0	3.0Y
Scoring	3.0	3.0Y
Scraping	3.0	0.5-3.0Y
Scratching	3.0	3.0Y
Scuffing	3.0	1.0Y
Smearing	3.0	1.0Y
Spalling	3.0	0.5-16Y
Welding	3.0	0.5-3.0Y
<i>Examples:</i>		
Non-lubed relative movement	3.0	1.0Y
Contaminated by lubed sleeve bearings	3.0	3.0M
Spalling of antifriction Bearings	3.0	4.0-16Y
	1.1	16.0Y
<i>Displacement/seizing/adhesion</i>		
Adhesion	1.0	Inf
Clinging	1.0	Inf
Binding	1.0	Inf
Blocking	1.0	Inf
Cocking	1.0	Inf
Displacement	1.0	Inf
Freezing	1.0	Inf
Jamming	1.0	Inf
Locking	1.0	Inf
Loosening	1.0	Inf
Misalignment	1.0	Inf
Seizing	1.0	Inf
Setting	1.0	Inf
Sticking	1.0	Inf
Shifting	1.0	Inf
Turning	1.0	Inf
<i>Examples:</i>		
Loosening (locking fasteners)	1.0	Inf
Loosening (bolts)	1.0	Inf

(Continued)

Table C-6 (continued)

Failure Mode	Weibull Index β	Standard Life
Loosening	1.0	Inf
Misalignment (process pump set)	2.0	1.5-3.0Y
Seizing (linkages)	1.0	Inf
Seizing (components subject to contamination or corrosion)	1.0	Inf
Shifting (unstable design)	1.0	Inf
<i>Leakage</i>		
Joints with relative movement	1.5	3.0M-4.0Y
Joints without relative movement	1.0	16.0Y
Mechanical seal faces	0.7-1.1	0.5-1.5Y
<i>Contamination</i>		
Clogging	1.0	Inf
Coking	2.0	0.5-3.0Y
Dirt accumulation	2.0	0.5M-3.0Y
Fouling	1.0	Inf
Plugging	1.0	Inf
<i>Examples:</i>		
Fouling gas compressor	3.0	1.5-5.0Y
Plugging of passages with moving medium	1.0	Inf
Plugging of passages with non-moving medium	1.0	Inf
<i>Conductor Interruption</i>		
Flexible cable	1.0	Inf
Solid cable	1.0	Inf
<i>Burning through Insulation</i>		
Motor windings	1.0	16Y
Transformer windings	1.0	16Y

Legend: Inf = Infinite
M = Month(s)
Y = Year(s)

Table C-7
Failure Rate Data of Mechanical Components

Component¹	Failure Rate per E6 Operating Hr
Bearings (Summary)	2.9151
Ball (Summary)	1.6445
Roller (Summary)	2.8201
Sleeve (Summary)	2.3811
Couplings, Shaft (Summary)	1.0038
Flexible	1.4054
Rigid	2.6347
Shafts (Summary)	0.9298
Gear Box (Summary)	8.7082
Reducer, Worm	5.0000
Reducer, Spiral Bevel	5.0000
Gear Train (Summary)	3.4382
Gear, Spur	3.2232
Gear, Helical	2.6008
Gear, Worm	3.8258
Gear, Bevel	1.4722
Gear, Rack	1.7562
Brake, Assembly	2.1000
Brake, Electromechanical	10.6383
Hydraulic Cylinder	0.0080
Valves	
Ball (Summary)	0.2286
Butterfly (Summary)	0.2900
Check (Summary)	0.0773
Gate (Summary)	0.0478
Globe (Summary)	0.1439
Hydraulic (Summary)	8.8292
Ball	2.3841
Bellows Diaphragm	14.8953
Check	5.3725
Control	57.7196
Relief	0.9201
Solenoid	25.0590
Seal (Summary)	5.4715
Packing	3.5308
O-ring	4.6511
Gaskets (Summary)	0.0195

(Continued)

¹ Failure Rates are from NPRD Data (1995) (Reliability Analysis Center 1994).
The data including the summary data represents combined failure rate data which is
a weighted merger of several failure rates.

Table C-7 (Concluded)

Component	Failure Rate per E6 Operating Hr
Springs (Summary)	0.6134
Pump	
Hydraulic (Summary)	46.9604
Centrifugal	10.4022
Fixed Displacement	1.4641
Positive Displacement	9.5620
Motor Driven	12.9870
Variable Delivery	54.0498
Centrifugal	51.1732
Piping (Summary)	0.4734